

Statistics Questions

1. In a randomised control trial of cancer screening what is the most important factor in determining the efficacy of the screening program?

- A. Cancer specific survival
- B. Cancer mortality
- C. Cancer free progression
- D. Case detection
- E. Detection of cancer in an early stage

2. With regards to intention to treat analysis, this can result in bias due to:

- A. Overestimation of the effect of treatment
- B. Underestimation of the effect of treatment
- C. Selection of patients
- D. Analysis of outcome
- E. Known and unknown factors